## **Billing**

### BI-1 - Time to Provide Recorded Usage Retords

### Purpose: Evaluates the timeliness with which Qwest provides recorded daily usage records to CLECs. Description: Measures the average time interval from date of recorded daily usage to date usage records are transmitted or made available to CLECs as applicable. BI-1A - Measures recorded daily usage for UNEs and Resale and includes industry standard electronically transmitted usage records for local measured usage, local message usage. toll usage, and local exchange service components priced on a per-use basis, subject to exclusions specified below. BI-1B - Measures the percent of recorded daily usage for Jointly provided switched access provided within four days. This includes usage created by the CLEC and Qwest or IXC providing access, usually via 2-way Feature Group X trunk groups for Feature Group A, Feature Group B, Feature Group D, Phone to Phone IP Telephony, 8XX access, and 900 access and their successors or similar Switched Access services. Reporting Period: One month Unit of Measure: BI-1A - Average Business Days BI-1B - Percent Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results NOTE 1 Disaggregation Reporting: State level. Formula: BI-1A - ∑(Date Record Transmitted or made available – Date Usage Recorded)/(Total number of records) NOTE 2 BI-1B -- [(# of daily usage records for Jointly provided switched access sent within four days)/(Total daily usage records for Jointly provided switched access in the report period)]x100 **Exclusions:** Instances where the CLEC requests other than daily usage transmission or availability. Standard: **Product Reporting:** BI-1A - Parity with Qwest retail. UNEs and Resale BI-1B - 95% within 4 business days Jointly-provided Switched Access Availability: Notes: Available BI-1B will not be reported until it can be reported as specified in Reporting Comparisons section. Results for BI-1A prior to Dec 00 used source data manually reported in increments of <2, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and >6 day categories. For the >6 day category an average number of days was derived by multiplying the number of records by the average number of days from the BK8223 report. Effective with Dec 00 results on the Mar 01 report the mechanization of measurement data from CRIS was completed allowing results from Dec 00 forward to be calculated using the PID formula for all usage records including the >6 day category.

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# BI-2 - Invoices Delivered within 10 Days

Purpose:	
Evaluates the timeliness with which Qwest delivers	
CLECs, focusing on the percent delivered within ter	n calendar days.
Description:	
Measures the percentage of invoices that are delive	ered within ten days, based on the number of days
between the bill date and bill delivery.	
<ul> <li>Includes all industry standard electronically tra</li> </ul>	ansmitted invoices for local exchange services and
toll, subject to exclusions specified below.	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: Combined Qwest	Disaggregation Reporting: State level
Retail/CLEC results (Parity by design)	
Formula:	
(Count of Invoices for which Bill Transmission Date	to Bill Date is ten calendar days or less)/(Total
Number of Invoices) x 100	
Exclusions:	
· Bills transmitted via paper, magnetic tape, CD-l	ROM, diskette.
· Records with missing data essential to the calc	ulation of the measurement per the PID.
Product Reporting:	Standard:
UNEs and Resale	Parity by design.
Availability:	Notes:
Available	
*	

### BI-3 - Billing Accuracy - Adjustments for Errors

# Purpose:

Evaluates the accuracy with which Qwest bills CLECs, focusing on the percentage of billed revenue adjusted due to errors.

### Description:

Measures the billed revenue minus amounts adjusted off bills due to errors, as a percentage of total billed revenue.

- Both the billed revenue and amounts adjusted off bills due to error are calculated from bills rendered in the reporting period.
- "Amounts adjusted off bills due to errors" is the sum of all bill adjustments made in the reporting period that involve, either in part or in total, adjustment codes related to billing errors. (Each adjustment thus qualifying is added to the sum in its entirety.)

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Percent

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results

Unit of Measure: Percent

Disaggregation Reporting: State level.

### Formula:

∑(Revenue Billed without Error)/(Total Billed Revenue billed in Reporting Period) x 100

### **Exclusions:**

- BI-3A UNEs and Resale None
- BI-3B Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use Billing adjustments as a result of CLEC-caused errors in return of minutes of use

# Product Reporting: BI-3A - UNEs and Resale BI-3B - Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use (MOU) Availability: Available Standard: BI-3A - UNEs and Resale: Parity with Qwest retail bills. BI-3B - Reciprocal Compensation (MOU) - 95% Notes:

### BI-4 - Billing Completeness

### Purpose:

- UNEs and Resale Evaluates the completeness with which Qwest reflects non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders on the bills.
- Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use (MOU) Evaluates the completeness with which Qwest reflects the revenue for Local Minutes of Use associated with CLEC local traffic over Qwest's network on the bills

### Description:

BI-4A - UNEs and Resale - Measures the percentage of non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders appear on the correct bill. \*

BI-4B - Reciprocal Compensation (MOU) – Measures the percentage of revenue associated with local minutes of use appearing on the correct (current) bill. \*

\* Correct bill = next available bill

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: State level.

### Formula:

BI-4A - UNEs and Resale =  $\Sigma$ (Count of service orders with non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders on the bills that are billed on the correct bill / total count of service orders with non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders billed on the bill) x 100

BI-4B - Reciprocal Compensation MOU =  $\sum$ (Revenue for Local Minutes of Use billed on the correct\* bill / Total revenue for Local Minutes of Use collected during the month) x 100

Exclusions: None

Product Reporting:  UNEs and Resale  Reciprocal Compensation (MOU)	Standard: BI-4A - UNEs and Resale: Parity with Qwest Retail bills. BI-4B - Reciprocal Compensation (MOU): 95%
Availability: Available	Notes:

## **Database Updates**

### **DB-1** – Time to Update Databases

Evaluates the time required for updates to the databases of E911, LIDB, and Listing Services System (LSS).

### Description:

- Measures the average time required to update the databases of E911, LIDB, and LSS.
- Includes all database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed during the reporting period.
- For DB-1A the time to update the E911 database is provided by the third party vendor that performs the update. The elapsed time is captured automatically by the database system. There are no "individual E911 database update records" provided with which to measure the database update process.
- The numerator of DB-1A is calculated by multiplying the vendor-calculated results (Average Minutes in Process Time) by the denominator (Count of records Processed). This method produces a result from the vendor data that is the same as that which would be produced by totalling the update times from individual E911 database update records.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure:
	E911 – Hrs: Mins.
	LIDB & Directory Listings – Seconds
Reporting Comparisons:	Disaggregation Reporting:
DB-1A-E911 – Combined results for Qwest Retail	DB-1A – E911 for Qwest Retail and Reseller
and Reseller CLEC Aggregate;	CLEC-State level;
DB-1B – LiDB – Combined results for all Qwest	DB-1B – LIDB for Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC
Retail, Reseller CLEC and Facilities Based CLEC	and Facilities Based CLEC – Multi state
updates;	region-wide level
DB-1C-1 Listings – Combined results for all	DB-1C-1 – Listings for all Provider types including
Provider types including Qwest Retail, Reseller	Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, and
CLEC, and Facilities Based CLEC, ILEC and	Facilities Based CLEC, ILEC and
Unknown Provider, Electronically Submitted,	Unknown Provider, Electronically
Electronically Processed updates; NOTE 1	Submitted, Electronically Processed-
DB-1C-2 Listings – Combined results for all	Sub-region applicable to state
Provider types including Qwest Retail, Reseller	DB-1C-2 – Listings for all Provider types including
CLEC, CLEC Aggregate for Facilities-based,	Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, Facilities-
ILEC, and Unknown Provider Manually Processed updates. NOTE 1	Based CLEC, ILEC and Unknown
Processed updates. NOTE 1	Provider – Manually Processed – region-
	wide level
Formula:	

[(Date and Time of database update for each database update as specified under Disaggregation Reporting in the reporting period) - (Date and Time of submissions of data for entry into the database for each database update as specified under Disaggregation Reporting in the reporting period) / Total database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed in the reporting period)

### Exclusions:

Invalid start/stop dates/times.

Product Reporting:	Standard:
Not applicable (Reported by database type)	DB-1A-E911 – Parity by design
	DB-1B-LIDB – Parity by design
	DB-1C-1- Listings - Parity by design
	DB-1C-2 - Listings - Parity with DB-1C-1

Ave: In b. War.	results for all Provider types combined Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, Facilities Based, ILEC, and Unknown Provider, Electronically Submitted, Electronically Processed, updates
Availability: Available	Notes:  1. Because they cannot be separated, results for Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, Facilities-based CLECs, ILEC and Unknown Provider updates are reported combined within these disaggregations.

### **DB-2 – Accurate Database Updates**

### Purpose: Evaluates the accuracy of database updates completed without errors in the reporting period. Description: Measures the percentage of database updates completed without errors in the reporting period. Includes all database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed during the reporting period. Reporting Period: One month Unit of Measure: Percent **Reporting Comparisons:** Disaggregation Reporting: DB-2C-1 Listings - Combined results for all DB-2C-1 - Listings for Qwest Retail, Reseller Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC and Facilities Based CLEC, and Facilities Based CLEC Electronically Submitted, Electronically Processed updates -CLEC Electronically Submitted, Electronically state-wide level Processed updates DB-2C-2 - Facilities-Based and Reseller CLEC -DB-2C-2 Listings - CLEC Aggregate for Reseller Manually Processed updates - state-wide level and Facilities-Based CLEC - Manually Processed updates Formula: ITotal database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed without errors in the reporting period / Total database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed in the reporting period x 100 **Exclusions:** Invalid start/stop dates/times. Product Reporting: Standard: DB-2C-1 - Listings - Parity by design NOTE 2 Not applicable (Reported by database type) DB-2C-2 - Listings - Parity with DB-2C-1 results for combined Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, and Facilities Based and Reseller CLEC Electronically Submitted, Electronically Processed updates Notes: Availability: 1. Because the data cannot be separated, Available: Qwest is including in this measurement updates submitted through facsimile as well as updates submitted electronically. However, Qwest will discontinue reporting this disaggregation when Qwest begins electronically updating electronic submissions and will not separately report faxed submissions. Qwest retail and Reseller CLECs are parity by design. Because Facilities based CLEC Electronically Submitted, Electronically Processed cannot be separated out from Reseller CLECs they are reported combined

within this disaggregation.

# **Directory Assistance**

### DA-1 – Speed of Answer – Directory Assistance

### Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of customer access to Qwest's Directory Assistance operators, focusing on how long it takes for calls to be answered.

### Description:

Measures the average time following first ring until a call is first picked up by the Qwest agent/system to answer Directory Assistance calls.

- · Includes all calls to Qwest directory assistance during the reporting period.
- Because a system (electronic voice) prompts for city, state, and listing requested before the actual
  operator comes on the line, the first ring is defined as when the voice response unit places the call
  into queue.
- Measurements are taken by sampling calls from the network queue at 10-second intervals. A
  count of calls in the queue is taken for every sampling event (10-second snapshot), and this count
  is multiplied by 10 to get a measurement of waiting intervals.
- Using this method, calls that anter the queue after a sample is taken but exit before the next sample is taken are not counted, i.e., are effectively counted as a zero interval. However, this situation is offset by calls that enter just prior to a sampling time, but exit before the next sampling time, and which are counted as 10 seconds. The call intervals shorter than 10 seconds that are counted as 10 seconds/are: ffset by those calls shorter than 10 seconds that are not counted.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Seconds	
Reporting Comparisons: Results for Qwest and all CLECs are combined.	Disaggregation Reporting: Sub-region applicable to state	
Formula: $\Sigma$ [(Date and Time of Call Answer) – (Date and Time	e of First Ring)] / (Total Calls Answered by Center)	
Explanation: Average speed of answer is obtained (minutes/seconds) by the total number of calls answer		
Exclusions: Abandoned Calls are not included in t		
Product Reporting: None	Standard: Parity by design	
Availability: Available	Notes:	

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# **Operator Services**

# OS-1 – Speed of Answer – Operator Services

Purpose:		
Evaluates timeliness of customer access to Qwest's operators, focusing on how long it takes for calls to be answered.		
Description:		
	anayorad by the Owest agent	
Measures the time following first ring until a call is a		
<ul> <li>Includes all calls to Qwest's operator services during the reporting period, subject to exclusion specified below.</li> </ul>		
· Measurements are taken by sampling calls from	n the network queue at 10-second intervals. A	
count of calls in the queue is taken for every sampling event (10-second snapshot), and this cour is multiplied by 10 to get a measurement of waiting intervals.		
<ul> <li>Using this method, calls that enter the queue sample is taken are not counted, i.e., are effectivation is offset by calls that enter just prior to</li> </ul>	e after a sample is taken but exit before the next ectively counted as a zero interval. However, this a sampling time, but exit before the next sampling the call intervals shorter than 10 seconds that are	
counted as 10 seconds are offset by those calls		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Seconds	
Reporting Feriod. One month	Offic of Measure. Occopias	
Reporting Comparisons: Qwest and all CLECs	Disaggregation Reporting:	
are aggregated in a single measure.	Sub-region applicable to state	
Formula:		
Σ[(Date and Time of Call Answer) – (Date and Time	of First Ring)] / (Total Calls Answered by Center)	
Explanation: Average speed of answer is obtained to	ov dividing the sum of all answer times recorded	
(minutes/seconds) by the total number of calls answ		
Exclusions: Abandoned Calls are not included in the		
	•	
Product Reporting: None	Standard: Parity by design	
Availability: Available	Notes:	

### **Network Performance**

### NI-1 - Trunk Blocking

### Purpose:

Evaluates factors affecting completion of calls from Qwest end offices to CLEC end offices, compared with the completion of calls from Qwest end offices to other Qwest end offices, focusing on average busy-hour blocking percentages in interconnection or interoffice final trunks.

### Description:

Measures the percentage of trunks blocking in interconnection and interoffice final trunks.

• Includes blocking percentages on all direct final and alternate final interconnection and interoffice trunk groups that are in service during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent Blockage
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC, and Qwest Interoffice trunk blocking results.	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.  Reports the percentage of trunks blocking in interconnection final trunks, reported by:  NI-1A Interconnection (LIS) trunks to Qwest tandem offices, with TGSR-related exclusions applied as specified below;  NI-1B LIS trunks to Qwest end offices, with TGSR-related exclusions applied as specified below;  NI-1C LIS trunks to Qwest tandem offices, without TGSR-related exclusions;  NI-1D LIS trunks to other Qwest end offices, without TGSR-related exclusions.

### Formula:

[ $\Sigma$ (Blockage in Final Trunk Group of Specified Type)(Number of Circuits in Trunk Group)] / (Total Number of Final Trunk Circuits in all Final Trunk Groups)

<u>Explanation</u>: Actual average percentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of trunk circuits blocking by the total number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured.

### NI-1 - Trunk Blocking (Continued)

### **Exclusions:**

### For NI-1A and NI-1B only:

- Trunk groups, blocking in excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which:
  - A Trunk Group Service Request (TGSR) NOTES 1 & 2 has been issued in the reporting period; or
  - CLECs do not submit, within 20 calendar days of receiving a TGSR:
    - a) Responsive ASRs (or have ASRs pending that are delayed for CLEC reasons NOTE 3);
    - b) Trouble Tickets; or
    - c) Notification of traffic re-routing (as described in Note 1 below).

### For NI-1A, NI-1B, NI-1C, and NI-1D:

- Trunk groups, blocking in excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which Qwest can identify, in time to incorporate in the regular reporting of this measurement, the cause as being attributable to:
  - Trunk group out-of-service conditions arising from cable cuts, severe weather, or force majeure circumstances.
  - The CLEC placing trunks in a "busy" condition.
  - Lack of interconnection facilities to fulfill LIS requests for which the CLEC did not provide a timely forecast to Qwest. (This portion of the exclusion is limited to being applied in (a) the month the LIS requests could not be fulfilled, due to lack of facilities, and (b) each month thereafter up to the month following facility availability OR up to five months after the month the LIS requests could not be fulfilled, whichever is sooner NOTE 4); or
  - Isolated incidences of blocking, about which Qwest provides notification to the CLEC, that (a) are
    not recurring or persistent (affecting the same trunk groups), (b) do not warrant corrective action by
    CLEC or Qwest, and (c) thus, do not require an actionable TGSR.
- Trunk groups recently activated that have not been in service for a full "20-high-day, busy hour" review period.
- Toll trunks, non-final trunks, and trunks that are not connected to the public switched network.
- · One-way trunks originating at CLEC end offices.
- Qwest official services trunks, local interoffice operator and directory assistance trunks, and local interoffice 911/E911 trunks.
- Records with invalid product codes.

Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporti	ing:	Standard:	
LIS Trunks	_	Where NI-1A ≤ 1%:	1 %
		Where NI-1A > 1%:	Parity with Qwest Interoffice
			Trunks to tandems
		Where NI-1B ≤ 1%:	1 %
		Where NI-1B > 1%:	Parity with Qwest Interoffice
			Trunks to end offices
		NI-1C and NI-1D:	Diagnostic NOTE 5
Availability:	Notes:		
Available	must (a) submit within 20 day avoid further blocking, (b) not Report where Qwest traffic ro the TGSR, or (c) notify Qwes within 20 days to alleviate the 2. The TGSR-related exclusion and in the month in which the any trunk group excluded in a unless there is (a) a 20-day p another TGSR applicable to the exception documented, in lieu	be persistent. To reson to be persistent. To reson to ASRs to provide neck ify Qwest within 20 do not that the CLEC will under that the CLEC will under the sapplied in the monther above-specified 20-do not month will not be expected following a TGSI the next month for the sapplied in t	spond properly to TGSRs, a CLEC cessary trunk augmentations to ys that it is initiating a Trouble using the blocking referenced by dertake its own re-routing of traffic in which the TGSR is issued ay response period ends. Thus, excluded in the next month, R ends in that month, (b) there is

NI-1 - Trunk Blocking (Continued)

- CLEC delays are reflected by CLEC-initiated order supplements that move the due date later.
  - a) Qwest-initiated due date delays, including supplements made pursuant to Qwest requests to delay due dates, shall not be counted as CLEC delays in this measurement.
  - b) Qwest-initiated due date changes to earlier dates that the CLEC does not meet shall not be counted as a CLEC delay in this measurement unless the earlier dates were mutually agreed-upon.
  - c) CLEC delays (e.g., "customer not ready" in advance of a due date) that do not contribute to a Qwest-established due date being missed shall not be counted as a CLEC delay in this measurement.
- 4. The limitation on part (3) of this exclusion is intended to bound its applicability to a period of time that treats the unforecasted ASR as if it were, in effect, the first forecast for the facilities needed.
  - a) Given that forecast advance intervals are currently six months, this provision allows the exclusion to apply for no longer than that period of time.
  - b) Nevertheless, this limitation to the exclusion also recognizes that facilities may become available sooner and, if so, reduces the limitation accordingly. In that context, this limitation recognizes that, absent a CLEC forecast, Qwest still retains a responsibility to provide facilities for the ASR, although in a longer timeframe than for ASRs covered by forecasts. NI-1C and NI-1D will be reported for information purposes only, with no standard to be applied.
  - c) This limitation may change depending on the outcome of separate workshops dealing with issues of interconnection forecasting.
- 5. NI-1C and NI-1D will be reported for information purposes only, with no standard to be applied.

### NP-1 – NXX Code Activation

### Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's NXX code activation prior to the LERG effective date or by the "revised" effective date, as set forth herein.

### Description:

- NP-1A: Measures the percentage of NXX codes activated in the reporting period that are actually loaded and tested prior to the LERG effective date or the "revised" date, subject to exclusions shown below.
- NP-1B: Measures the percentage of NXX codes activated in the reporting period that are delayed beyond the LERG date or "revised" date due to Qwest-caused Interconnection facility delays, subject to exclusions shown below. Included among activations counted as a Qwest delay in this sub-measurement are cases in which "2-6 codes" NOTE 1 associated with the Qwest interconnection facilities are provided late by Qwest to the CLEC.
- QWEST must receive complete and accurate routing information required for code activation, which includes but is not limited to "2-6 codes" for all interconnection trunk groups associated with the activation no less than 25 days prior to the LERG Due Date or Revised Due Date.
- The "revised" date, for purposes of this measurement, is a CLEC-initiated renegotiation of the
  activation effective date that is no less than 25 days after Qwest receives complete and accurate
  routing information required for code activation, which includes but is not limited to "2-6 codes" for
  all interconnection trunk groups associated with the activation.
- The NXX code activation notice is provided by the LERG (Local Exchange Routing Guide) to Qwest.
- NXX code activation is defined as complete when all translations associated with the new NXX are complete by 11:59 p.m. of the day prior to the date identified in the LERG or the "revised" date (if different than the LERG date).
- The NXX code activation completion process includes testing, including calls to the test number when provided.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results.	Disaggregation Reporting: State level.

### Formula:

- NP-1A = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period prior to the LERG effective date or the "revised" date) / (Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period)] x 100
- NP-1B = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period that were delayed past the LERG effective date or "revised" date affected by Qwest Interconnection Facility Delays) / (Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period, including NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period that were delayed past the LERG effective date or the "revised" date due to Interconnection Facility Delays)] x 100

### Exclusions:

### NP-1A:

 NXX code activations completed after the LERG date or "revised" date due to delays in the installation of Qwest provided interconnection facilities associated with the activations.

### NP-1A and NP-1B:

- NXX codes with LERG dates or "revised" dates resulting in loading intervals shorter than industry standard (currently 45 calendar days).
- NXX codes where QWEST received complete and accurate routing information required for code activations less than 25 days prior to the LERG due date or Revised due date.

Product Reporting: None	Standard: NP1-A – Parity NP1-B – Diagnostic
Availability: Available	<ol> <li>Notes:</li> <li>"2-6 codes" are industry-standard designators for local interconnection trunk groups, consisting of 2 alpha letters and six numeric digits.</li> <li>Only Qwest-provided interconnection facilities are noted in this exclusion, because delays related to facilities provided by CLECs or others are accounted for by revising the due date.</li> </ol>

### Collocation

### **CP-1 – Collocation Completion Interval**

### Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's installation of collocation arrangements for CLECs, focusing on the average time to complete such arrangements.

### Description:

Measures the interval between the Collocation Application Date and Qwest's completion of the collocation installation.

- Includes all collocations of types specified herein that are assigned a Ready For Service (RFS) date by Qwest and completed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physicalline sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual.
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and valid
  application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's collocation application is received by Qwest
  on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next business day following the
  weekend or holiday.
- Major Infrastructure Modifications include conditioning the collocation space, obtaining permits, and installing DC power plant, standby generators, heating, venting or air conditioning equipment.
- Completion of the collocation installation is the date on which the requested collocation arrangement is "Ready for Service" as defined in the Definition of Terms section herein.
- Establishment of RFS Dates: RFS dates are established according to intervals specified in interconnection agreements. Where an interconnection agreement does not specify intervals, or where the CLEC requests, RFS dates are established as follows: NOTE 2
  - Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also
    with Timely Equipment Ready for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote
    in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC
    provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation
    Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
    - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
    - Unforecasted Collocations: 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
  - Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also
    with Timely Equipment Ready for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote
    in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC
    provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation
    Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
    - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
    - Unforecasted Collocations: 120 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
  - Virtual Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready

     for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in seven or fewer
     calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest
     more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
    - Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more

- calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- Unforecasted Collocations: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest. for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- Virtual Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
  - Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
  - Unforecasted Collocations: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest. for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- All Collocations (physical, virtual, forecasted, or unforecasted) requiring Major Infrastructure Modifications: the later of (1) up to 150 calendar days (as specified in the quote) after the Collocation Application Date, or (2) for virtual collocations, 45 days following the date equipment to be collocated is provided to Qwest for collocations in which Major Infrastructure Modifications are required. Qwest will provide to the CLEC, as part of the quotation, the need for, and the duration of, such extended intervals.
- When a CLEC submits six (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state. completion intervals will be individually negotiated. These collocation arrangements will be included in CP-1A, -1B, or -1C according to the interval criteria specified below for these measurements.
- Where there is a CLEC-caused delay, the RFS Date is rescheduled
- RFS dates may be extended beyond the above intervals for CLEC reasons, or for reasons beyond Qwest's control, but not for Qwest reasons.
- Where CLECs do not accept the quote within thirty days of the quote date, the application is considered expired.
- CP-1A Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation Application Date to RFS date is 90 calendar days or less.
- CP-1B Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation Application Date to RFS date is 91 to 120 calendar days.
- Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation

to 150 calendar days.  Unit of Measure: Calendar Days	
Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.	

Σ[(Collocation Completion Date) – (Complete Application Date)] / (Total Number of Collocations Completed in Reporting Period)

### **Exclusions:**

- CP-1A: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals longer than 90 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.
- CP-1B: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals shorter than 91 calendar days or longer than 120 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.
- CP-1C: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals shorter than 121 calendar days or longer than 150 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.

<ul> <li>Cancelled or expire</li> </ul>	d applications.		
Product Reporting: No	one	Standard: CP-1A 90 calendar days CP-1B 120 calendar days CP-1C 150 calendar days	
₁ \vailability:	Notes:		
Available	additional type will be include collocation (su considered for measurements collocation typ experience fro reporting (i.e., 2. The criteria se	Notes:  1. Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state).  2. The criteria set forth in the Description above, under "Establishment of RFS Dates," may be changed depending upon the outcome of workshops	

on interconnection and collocation

### **CP-2 – Collocations Completed within Scheduled Intervals**

### Purpose:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest completes collocation arrangements for CLECs within the standard intervals or intervals established in interconnection agreements.

### Description:

Measures the percentage of collocation applications that are completed within standard intervals, including intervals set forth in interconnection agreements.

- Includes all collocations of types specified herein that are assigned a Ready for Service RFS date by
  Qwest and that are completed within the reporting period, including those with CLEC-requested RFS dates
  longer than the standard interval and those with extended RFS dates negotiated with the CLEC (including
  supplemented collocation orders that extend the RFS date) subject to exclusions specified below.
  Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line
  sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual.
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and valid
  application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's collocation application is received by Qwest on a
  weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next business day following the weekend or
  holiday.
- Major Infrastructure Modifications are defined as conditioning the collocation space, obtaining permits, and installing DC power plant, standby generators, heating, venting or air conditioning equipment.
- · A collocation arrangement is counted as met under this measurement if its RFS date is met.
- <u>Establishment of RFS Dates</u>: RFS dates are established as follows, except where interconnection agreements require different intervals, in which case the intervals specified in the interconnection agreements apply: NOTE 2
  - Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with Timely Equipment Ready – for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest <u>53</u> calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
    - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for physical collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
    - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for physical collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
  - Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with
    Timely Equipment Ready for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in eight or
    more calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the
    equipment to be collocated to Qwest <u>53</u> calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date,
    the RFS date shall be:
    - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
    - Unforecasted Collocations: 120 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
  - Virtual Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than <u>53</u> calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
    - Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
    - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: <u>75</u> calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in

advance of the Collocation Application Date.

- Virtual Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready for
  virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days
  after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than <u>53</u> calendar
  days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
  - Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
  - Unforecasted Collocations: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- All Collocations (physical, virtual, forecasted, or unforecasted) requiring Major Infrastructure
   <u>Modifications</u>: the later of (1) up to 150 calendar days (as specified in the quote) after the
   Collocation Application Date, or (2) for virtual collocations, 45 calendar days following the date
   equipment to be collocated is provided to Qwest for collocations in which Major Infrastructure
   Modifications are required. Qwest will provide to the CLEC, as part of the quotation, the need for, and
   the duration of, such extended intervals.
- When a CLEC submits six (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, completion intervals will be individually negotiated. These collocation arrangements will be included in CP-2A, -2B, or -2C according to the criteria specified below for these measurements.
- Where there is a CLEC-caused delay, the RFS Date is rescheduled.
- Where CLECs do not accept the quote within thirty calendar days of the quote date, the application is considered expired.
- **CP-2A** Forecasted Collocations: Measures collocation installations for which CLEC provides a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- CP-2B Hon-Forecasted and Late Forecasted Collocations: Measures collocation installations for which CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- CP-2C
  All Collocations requiring Major Infrastructure Modifications and Collocations with intervals longer than 120 days: Measures all collocation installations requiring Major Infrastructure Modifications and collocations for which the RFS date is more than 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.
Formula: (for CP-2A, CP-2B and CP-2C)	

Formula: (for CP-2A, CP-2B and CP-2C)

[(Count of Collocations for which the RFS is met) / (Total Number of Collocations Completed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

### Exclusions:

- RFS dates missed for reasons beyond Qwest's control.
- Cancelled or expired requests.

one Sta	andard:
	CP-2A & -2B: 90 percent or more CP-2C: TBD
additional types of cent be included in this mea collocation (such as rer considered for either in measurements, after th collocation types become experience from first in reporting (i.e., consister 2. The criteria set forth in	y this measurement are central office related. As tral office collocation are defined and offered, they will assurement. Non-central office-based types of mote collocation and field connection points) will be aclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate the terms, conditions, and processes for such me finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of stallations), and ordered in volumes warranting antly more than two per month in any state). The Description above, under "Establishment of RFS and depending upon the outcome of workshops on
	Notes:  1. Collocations covered be additional types of cent be included in this mean collocation (such as removed for either in measurements, after the collocation types become experience from first in reporting (i.e., consister 2. The criteria set forth in

October 22, 2001

### CP-3- Collocation Feasibility Study Interval

### Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of the Qwest sub-process function of providing a collocation feasibility study to the CLEC.

### **Description:**

Measures average interval to respond to collocation studies for feasibility of installation.

- Includes feasibility studies, for collocations of types specified herein that are completed in the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual.
- Interval begins with the Collocation Application Date and ends with the date Qwest completes the Feasibility Study and provides it to the CLEC.
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete
  application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's application for collocation is received by
  Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next business day
  following the weekend or holiday.

Reporting Period: One month

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

### Formula:

 $\Sigma$ [(Date Feasibility Study provided to CLEC) – (Date Qwest receives CLEC request for Feasibility Study)] / (Total Feasibility Studies Completed in the Reporting Period)

### **Exclusions:**

**Product Reporting: None** 

 CLEC-caused delays of, or CLEC requests for feasibility study completions resulting in greater than ten calendar days from Collocation Application Date to scheduled feasibility study completion date.

Availability:

Available

Notes:

1. Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related.

As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms,

conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e.,

Standard: 10 calendar days or less

### **CP-4 – Collocation Feasibility Study Commitments Met**

### Purpose:

Evaluates the degree that Qwest completes the sub-process function of providing a collocation feasibility study to the CLEC as committed.

### Description:

Measures the percentage of collocation feasibility studies for installations that are completed within the Scheduled Interval

- The Scheduled Interval is ten calendar days from the Collocation Application Date or, if
  interconnection agreements call for different intervals, within intervals specified in the agreements,
  or if otherwise delayed by the CLEC, the interval resulting from the delay.
- Includes all feasibility studies for collocations of types specified herein, that are completed in the reporting period. Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual. NOTE 1
- Considers the interval from the Collocation Application Date to the date Qwest completes the Feasibility Study and provides it to the CLEC.
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete
  application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's application for collocation is received by
  Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next business day
  following the weekend or holiday.
- Subject to superceding terms in the CLEC's interconnection agreement, when a CLEC submits six
   (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, feasibility study intervals
   will be individually negotiated and the resulting intervals used instead of ten calendar days in this
   measurement.

Reporting Period: One month		Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC and individual CLEC results	aggregate	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.
Formula:		
		completed within Scheduled Intervals ) / (Total ted in the reporting period)] x 100
Exclusions: None		
Product Reporting: None		Standard: 90 percent or more
Availability:	Notes:	
Available	1. Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state).	

### **DEFINITION OF TERMS**

Application Date (and Time) – The date (and time) on which Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and accurate local service request (LSR) or access service request (ASR) or retail order, subject to the following:

- For the following types of requests/orders, the application date (and time) is the start of the next business day:
  - (1) LSRs and ASRs received after 3:00PM MT for Designed Services and Local Number Portability (except non-designed, flow-through LNP).
  - (2) Retail orders received after 3:00 PM local time for Designed Services.
  - (3) LSRs received after 7:00PM MT for POTS Resale (Residence and Business), Non-Design Resale Centrex, non-designed UNE-P, Unbundled Loops, and non-designed, flow-through LNP
  - (4) Retail orders for comparable non-designed services cannot be received after closing time, so the cutoff time is essentially the business office closing time.

Automatic Location Information (ALI) – The feature of E911 that displays at the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) the street address of the calling telephone number. This feature requires a data storage and retrieval system for translating telephone numbers to the associated address. ALI may include Emergency Service Number (ESN), street address, room or floor, and names of the enforcement, fire and medical agencies with jurisdictional responsibility for the address. The Management System (E911) database is used to update the Automatic E911 Location Information databases.

Bill Date – the date shown at the top of the bill, representing the date on which Qwest begins to close the bill.

**Blocking** – condition on a telecommunications network where, due to a maintenance problem or an traffic volumes exceeding trunking capacity in a part of the network, some or all originating or terminating calls cannot reach their final destinations. Depending on the condition and the part of the network affected, the network may make subsequent attempts to complete the call or the call may be completely blocked. If the call is completely blocked, the calling party will have to re-initiate the call attempt.

**Business Day** – Workdays that Qwest is normally open for business. Business Day = Monday through Friday, excluding weekends and Qwest published Holidays including New Year's Day, Memorial Day, July 4<sup>th</sup>, Labor Day, Thanksgiving and Christmas.

Cleared Trouble Report – a trouble report for which the trouble has been cleared, meaning the customer is "back in service".

Closed Trouble Report – a trouble report that has been closed out from a maintenance center perspective, meaning the ticket is closed in the trouble reporting system following repair of the trouble.

Code Activation (Opening) – Process by which new NPA/NXXs (area code/prefix) is defined, through software translations to network databases and switches, in telephone networks. Code activation (openings) allow for new groups of telephone numbers (usually in blocks of 10,000) to be made available for assignment to an ILEC's or CLEC's customers, and for calls to those numbers to be passed between carriers.

Common Channel Signaling System 7 (CCSS7) – A network architecture used to for the exchange of signaling information between telecommunications nodes and networks on an out-of-band basis. Information exchanged provides for call set-up and supports services and features such as CLASS and database query and response.

**Common Transport** – Trunk groups between tandem and end office switches that are shared by more than one carrier, often including the traffic of both the ILEC and several CLECs.

Completion – The time in the order process when the service has been provisioned and service is available.

Completion Notice – A notification the ILEC provides to the CLEC to inform the CLEC that the requested service order activity is complete.

### **DEFINITION OF TERMS (continued)**

Coordinated Customer Conversion Orders that have a due date negotiated between the ILEC, the CLEC, and the customer so that work activities can be performed on a coordinated basis under the direction of the receiving carrier.

Customer Requested Due Date – A specific due date requested by the customer which is either shorter or longer than the standard interval or the interval offered by the ILEC.

Customer Trouble Reports – A report that the carrier providing the underlying service opens when notified that a customer has a problem with their service. Once resolved, the disposition of the trouble is changed to closed.

**Dedicated Transport** – A network facility reserved to the exclusive use of a single customer, carrier or pair of carriers used to exchange switched or special, local exchange, or exchange access traffic.

Delayed Order - An order which has been completed after the scheduled due date and/or time.

**Directory Assistance Database** – A database that contains subscriber records used to provide live or automated operator-assisted directory assistance. Including 411, 555-1212, NPA-555-1212.

**Directory Listings** – Subscriber information used for DA and/or telephone directory publishing, including name and telephone number, and optionally, the customer's address.

**DS-0** - Digital Service Level 0. Service provided at a digital signal speed commonly at 64 kbps, but occasionally at 56 kbps.

DS-1 - Digital Service Level 1. Service provided at a digital signal speed of 1.544 Mbps.

DS-3 - Digital Service Level 3. Service provided at a digital signal speed of 44.736 Mbps.

Due Date – The date provided on the Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) the ILEC sends the CLEC identifying the planned completion date for the order.

**End Office Switch** – A switch from which an end users' exchange services are directly connected and offered.

**Final Trunk Groups** – interconnection and interoffice trunk groups that do not overflow traffic to other trunk groups when busy.

Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) – Notice the ILEC sends to the CLEC to notify the CLEC that it has received the CLECs service request, created a service order, and assigned it a due date.

Flow-Through –The term used to describe whether a LSR electronically is passed from the OSS interface system to the ILEC legacy system to automatically create a service order. LSRs that do not flow through require manual intervention for the service order to be created in the ILEC legacy system.

Interval Zone 1/Zone 2 – Interval Zone 1 areas are wire centers for which Qwest specifies shorter standard service intervals than for Interval Zone 2 areas.

Installation – The activity performed to activate a service.

Installation Troubles – A trouble, which is identified after service order activity and installation, has completed on a customer's line. It is likely attributable to the service activity (within a defined time period).

Interconnection Trunks – A network facility that is used to interconnect two switches generally of different local exchange carriers

Inward Activity – refers to an order for new or additional lines. Change order types for additional lines consist of all C orders with "I" and "T" action coded line USOCs that represent new or additional lines, including conversions from retail to CLEC and CLEC to CLEC.

**Jeopardy** – A condition experienced in the service provisioning process which results potentially in the inability of a carrier to meet the committed due date on a service order

Jeopardy Notice – The actual notice that the ILEC sends to the CLEC when a jeopardy has been identified.

Lack of Facilities – A shortage of cable facilities identified after a due date has been committed to a customer, including the CLEC. The facilities shortage may be identified during the inventory assignment process or during the service installation process, and typically triggers a jeopardy.

Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG) – A Bellcore master file that is used by the telecom industry to identify NPA-NXX routing and homing information, as well as network element and equipment designations. The file also includes scheduled network changes associated with activity within the North American Numbering Plan (NANP).

Local Exchange Traffic - Traffic originated on the network of a LEC in a local calling area that terminates to another LEC in a local calling area.

### **DEFINITION OF TERMS (continued)**

Local Number Portability (formerly defined under Permanent Number Portability and also known as – Long Term Number Portability) – A network technology which allows end user customers to retain their telephone number when moving their service between local service providers. This technology does not employ remote call forwarding, but actually allows the customer's telephone number to be moved and redefined in the network of the new service provider. The activity to move the telephone number is called "porting."

Local Service Request (LSR) – transaction sent from the CLEC to the ILEC to order services or to request a change(s) be made to existing services.

MSA/Non-MSA – Metropolitan Statistical Area is a government defined geographic area with a population of 50,000 or greater. Non-Metropolitan Statistical Area is a government defined geographic area with population of less than 50,000. Qwest depicts MSA Non-MSA based on NPA NXX. Where a wire center is predominantly within an MSA, all lines are counted within the MSA.

Mechanized Bill - A bill that is delivered via electronic transmission.

\*NXX, NXX Code or Central Office Code – The three digit switch entity indicator that is defined by the "D", "E", and "F" digits of a 10-digit telephone number within the NANP. Each NXX Code contains 10,000 station numbers.

Plain Old Telephone Service (POTS) – Refers to basic 2-wire, non-complex analog residential and business services. Can include feature capabilities (e.g., CLASS features).

Projects – Service requests that exceed the line size and/or level of complexity which would allow for the use of standard ordering and provisioning processes. Generally, due dates for projects are negotiated, coordination of service installations/changes is required and automated provisioning may not be practical.

Query Types – Pre-ordering information that is available to a CLEC that is categorized according to standards issued by OBF and/or the FCC.

**Ready For Service (RFS)** – the status achieved in the installation of a collocation arrangement when all "operational" work has been completed. Operational work consists of the following as applicable to the particular type of collocation:

- · Cage enclosure complete;
- DC power is active (including fuses available, BDFB [Battery Distribution Fuse Board] in place, and cables between the CLEC and power terminated);
- Primary AC outlet in place;
- Cable racking and circuit terminations are complete (e.g. fiber jumpers placed between the Outside Plant Fiber Distribution Panel and the Central Office Fiber Distribution Panel serving the CLEC), and
- The following items complete, subject to the CLEC having made required payments to Qwest (e.g., final payment): (If the required CLEC payments have not been made, the following items are not required for RFS):
  - Key turnover made available to CLEC.
  - APOT/CFA complete, as defined/required in the CLEC's interconnection agreement and
  - Basic telephone service and other services and facilities complete, if ordered by CLEC in time to be provided on the scheduled RFS date (per Qwest's published standard installation intervals for such telephone service).

Ready for Service Date (RFS date) – the due date assigned to a collocation order (typically determined by regulatory rulings, contract terms, or negotiations with CLEC) to indicate when collocation installation is scheduled to be ready for service, as defined above.

**Reject** – A status that can occur to a CLEC submitted local service request (LSR) when it does not meet certain criteria. There are two types of rejects: (1) syntax, which occur if required fields are not included in the LSR; and (2) content, which occur if invalid data is provided in a field. A rejected service request must be corrected and re-submitted before provisioning can begin.

**Repeat Report** – Any trouble report that is a second (or greater) report on the same telephone number/circuit ID and at the same premises address within 30 days. The original report can be any category, including excluded reports, and can carry any disposition code.

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### **DEFINITION OF TERMS (continued)**

Service Group Type - The designation used to identify a category of similar services, .e.g., UNE loops

Service Order – The work order created and distributed in ILECs systems and to ILEC work groups in response to a complete, valid local service request.

**Service Order Type** – The designation used to identify the major types of provisioning activities associated with a local service request.

Standard Interval – The interval that the ILEC publishes as a guideline for establishing due dates for provisioning a service request. Typically, due dates will not be assigned with intervals shorter than the standard. These intervals are specified by service type and type of service modification requested. ILECs publish these standard intervals in documents used by their own service representatives as well as ordering instructions provided to CLECs in the Qwest Standard Interval Guidelines.

**Subsequent Reports** – A trouble report that is taken in relation to a previously-reported trouble prior to the date and time the initial report has a status of "closed."

**Tandem Switch** – Switch used to connect and switch trunk circuits between and among Central Office switches.

Time to Restore – The time interval from the receipt, by the ILEC, of a trouble report on a customer's service to the time service is fully restored to the customer.

**Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P)** – Combinations of network elements, including both new and conversions, involving POTS (i.e., basic services providing dialtone).

**Unbundled Loop** - The Unbundled Loop is a transmission path between a Qwest Central Office Distribution Frame, or equivalent, and the Loop Demarcation Point at an end user premises. Loop Demarcation Point is defined as the point where Qwest owned or controlled facilities cease, and CLEC, end user, owner or landlord ownership of facilities begins.

**Usage Data** – Data generated in network nodes to identify switched call data on a detailed or summarized basis. Usage data is used to create customer invoices for the calls.

# **GLOSSARY OF ACRONYMS**

ACRONYM	DESCRIPTION
ACD	Automatic Call Distributor
ADSL	Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line
ALI	Automatic Line Information (for 911/E911 systems)
ASR	Service Request (processed via Exact system)
BRI	Basic Rate Interface (type of ISDN service)
CABS	Carrier Access Billing System
CKT	Circuit
CLEC	Competitive Local Exchange Carrier
CO	Central Office
CPE	Customer Premises Equipment
CRIS	Customer Record Information System
CSR	Customer Service Record
DA	Directory Assistance
dB	Decibel
DB	Database
DS0	Digital Service 0
DS1	Digital Service 1
DS3	Digital Service 3
E911 MS	E911 Management System
EAS	Extended Area Service
EB-TA	Electronic Bonding – Trouble Administration
EDI	Electronic Data Interchange
EELS	Enhanced Extended Links
ES	Emergency Services (for 911/E911)
FOC	Firm Order Confirmation
GUI	Graphical User Interface
HDSL	High-bit-rate Digital Subscriber Line
HICAP	High Capacity Digital Service
IEC	Interexchange Carrier
ILEC	Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier
INP	Interim Number Portability
IOF	Interoffice Facilities (refers to trunk facilities located
	between Qwest central offices)
ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network
IMA	Interconnect Mediated Access
LATA	Local Access Transport Area
LERG	Local Exchange Routing Guide
LIDB	Line Identification Database
LIS	Local Interconnection Service Trunks
LNP	Long Term Number Portability
LSR	Local Service Request
N, T, C	Service Order Types N (new), T (to or transfer), C (change)
NANP	North American Numbering Plan
NDM	Network Data Mover
NPAC	Number Portability Administration Center
NXX	Telephone number prefix
OBF	Ordering and Billing Forum

OOS	Out of service (type of trouble condition)
OSS	Operations-al Support Systems
PBX	Private Branch Exchange
PON	Purchase Order Number
POTS	Plain Old Telephone Service
PRI	Primary Rate Interface (type of ISDN service)
RFS	Ready for Service (refers to collocation projects)
SOP	Service Order Processor
SOT	Service Order Type
SS7	Signating System 7
STP	Signaling Transfer Point
TN	Telephone Number
UDIT	Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport
UNE	Unbundled Network Element
UNE-P	Unbundled Network Element – Platform
VRU	Voice Response Unit
WFA	Work Force Administration
xDSL	(x) Digital Subscriber Line. (The "x" prefix refers to DSL generically. An "x" replaced by an "A" refers to Asymmetric DSL, and by an "H" refers to High-bit-rate DSL.)

Graphical User Interface